

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** Pipeliner® 8P+  
**Product Size:** 3.2 mm (1/8")

### Other means of identification

**SDS number:** 200000000716

### Recommended use and restriction on use

**Recommended use:** SMAW (Shielded Metal Arc Welding)  
**Restrictions on use:** Not known. Read this SDS before using this product.

### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

**Company Name:** The Lincoln Electric Company  
**Address:** 22801 Saint Clair Avenue  
Cleveland, Ohio 44117  
USA  
**Telephone:** +1 (216) 481-8100  
**Contact Person:** Safety Data Sheet Questions: [www.lincolnelectric.com/sds](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/sds)  
Arc Welding Safety Information: [www.lincolnelectric.com/safety](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety)

**Company Name:** The Lincoln Electric Company of Canada LP  
**Address:** 179 Wicksteed Avenue  
Toronto, Ontario M4G 2B9  
Canada  
**Telephone:** +1 (416) 421-2600  
**Contact Person:** Safety Data Sheet Questions: [www.lincolnelectric.com/sds](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/sds)  
Arc Welding Safety Information: [www.lincolnelectric.com/safety](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety)

### Emergency telephone number:

USA/Canada/Mexico +1 (888) 609-1762  
Americas/Europe +1 (216) 383-8962  
Asia Pacific +1 (216) 383-8966  
Middle East/Africa +1 (216) 383-8969

**3E Company Access Code:** 333988

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), The United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), Canada's Hazardous Product Regulations and Mexico's Harmonized System for the Identification and Communication of Hazards and Risks from Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace.

**Hazard Classification** Not classified as hazardous according to applicable GHS hazard classification criteria.

### Label Elements

**Hazard Symbol:** No symbol  
**Signal Word:** No signal word.  
**Hazard Statement:** Not applicable  
**Precautionary Statements:** Not applicable

**Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:**

Electrical Shock can kill. If welding must be performed in damp locations or with wet clothing, on metal structures or when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, or if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with work piece, use the following equipment: Semiautomatic DC Welder, DC Manual (Stick) Welder, or AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.

Arc rays can injure eyes and burn skin. Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable materials. Overexposure to welding fumes and gases can be hazardous. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product. Refer to Section 8.

**Substance(s) formed under the conditions of use:**

The welding fume produced from this welding electrode may contain the following constituent(s) and/or their complex metallic oxides as well as solid particles or other constituents from the consumables, base metal, or base metal coating not listed below.

| Chemical Identity | CAS-No.    |
|-------------------|------------|
| Carbon dioxide    | 124-38-9   |
| Carbon monoxide   | 630-08-0   |
| Nitrogen dioxide  | 10102-44-0 |
| Ozone             | 10028-15-6 |
| Manganese         | 7439-96-5  |
| Nickel            | 7440-02-0  |

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Reportable Hazardous Ingredients Mixtures**

| Chemical Identity                      | CAS number | Content in percent (%)* |
|--|------------|-------------------------|
| Iron                                   | 7439-89-6  | 50 - <100%              |
| Cellulose, pulp                        | 65996-61-4 | 1 - <5%                 |
| Sodium silicate                        | 1344-09-8  | 1 - <5%                 |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) | 13463-67-7 | 1 - <5%                 |
| Limestone                              | 1317-65-3  | 1 - <5%                 |
| Manganese                              | 7439-96-5  | 1 - <5%                 |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic)           | 13463-67-7 | 0.1 - <1%               |
| Nickel                                 | 7440-02-0  | 0.1 - <1%               |
| Carboxymethyl cellulose, sodium salt   | 9004-32-4  | 0.1 - <1%               |
| Iron oxide                             | 1309-37-1  | 0.1 - <1%               |

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

**Composition Comments:**

The term "Hazardous Ingredients" should be interpreted as a term defined in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a welding or allied process hazard. The product may contain additional non-hazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information.

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

- Ingestion:** Avoid hand, clothing, food, and drink contact with fluxes, metal fume or powder which can cause ingestion of particulate during hand to mouth activities such as drinking, eating, smoking, etc. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Contact a poison control center. Unless the poison control center advises otherwise, wash out mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention at once.
- Inhalation:** Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.
- Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical assistance at once.
- Eye contact:** Dust or fume from this product should be flushed from the eyes with copious amounts of clean, tepid water until transported to an emergency medical facility. Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly closed. Obtain medical assistance at once.
- Arc rays can injure eyes. If exposed to arc rays, move victim to dark room, remove contact lenses as necessary for treatment, cover eyes with a padded dressing and rest. Obtain medical assistance if symptoms persist.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

- Symptoms:** Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Refer to Section 11 for more information.

- Hazards:** The hazards associated with welding and its allied processes such as soldering and brazing are complex and may include physical and health hazards such as but not limited to electric shock, physical strains, radiation burns (eye flash), thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential health effects of overexposure to fumes, gases or dusts potentially generated during the use of this product. Refer to Section 11 for more information.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Treatment:** Treat symptomatically.

**5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

- General Fire Hazards:** As shipped, this product is nonflammable. However, welding arcs, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces associated with welding, brazing, and soldering can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Implement fire protection measures according to the place of use risk assessment, local regulations, and all relevant safety standards. Read and understand the American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes," and the National Fire Protection Association NFPA 51B, "Standard for Fire Prevention during Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work," before using this product.

**Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** As shipped, the product will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate extinguishing agent.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical:** Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable products.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters**

**Special fire-fighting procedures:** Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:** Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** If airborne dust and/or fume is present, use adequate engineering controls and, if needed, personal protection to prevent overexposure. Refer to recommendations in Section 8.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:** Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8. Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources. Refer to Section 13 for proper disposal.

**Environmental Precautions:** Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Precautions for safe handling:** Prevent formation of dust. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.  
Read and understand the manufacturer's instruction and the precautionary label on the product. Refer to Lincoln Safety Publications at [www.lincolnelectric.com/safety](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety), ISO/TR 18786:2014, ISO/TR 13392:2014, American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" published by the American Welding Society, <http://pubs.aws.org> and OSHA Publication 2206 (29CFR1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, [www.gpo.gov](http://www.gpo.gov).

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Store away from incompatible materials.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Control Parameters**  
**Occupational Exposure Limits: US**

| Chemical Identity                      | Type | Exposure Limit Values | Source   |
|--|------|-----------------------|--|
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) | IDLH | 5,000 mg/m3           | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017) |

|   |         |  |   |
|---|---------|--|---|
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Total dust.                    | PEL     | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Respirable fraction.           | TWA     | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Total dust.                    | TWA     | 50 millions of particles per cubic foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Respirable fraction.           | TWA     | 15 millions of particles per cubic foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Total dust.                    | TWA     | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Respirable finescale particles | TWA     | 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                          | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2022)                                  |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Respirable nanoscale particles | TWA     | 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                          | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2022)                                  |
| Limestone - Respirable.   | REL     | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Limestone - Total   | REL     | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Limestone - Total dust.   | PEL     | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Limestone - Respirable fraction.  | PEL     | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Limestone - Inhalable particles.  | TWA     | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2021)                                  |
| Limestone - Respirable particles.                                       | TWA     | 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2021)                                  |
| Limestone - Total dust.   | TWA     | 50 millions of particles per cubic foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (09 2016)                             |
| Limestone - Respirable fraction.  | TWA     | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (09 2016)                             |
| Limestone - Total dust.   | TWA     | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (09 2016)                             |
| Limestone - Respirable fraction.  | TWA     | 15 millions of particles per cubic foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (09 2016)                             |
| Manganese - Fume. - as Mn   | Ceiling | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
|   | REL     | 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
|   | STEL    | 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction. - as Mn                                 | TWA     | 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                          | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)                                  |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction. - as Mn                                | TWA     | 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)                                  |
| Manganese   | IDLH    | 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                          | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic)  | IDLH    | 5,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                        | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Total dust.                              | PEL     | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Respirable fraction.                     | TWA     | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                            | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Total dust.                              | TWA     | 50 millions of particles per cubic foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Respirable fraction.                     | TWA     | 15 millions of particles per cubic foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) -  | TWA     | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                           | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)                                       |

|   |      |  |   |
|---|------|--|---|
| Total dust.   |      |  | (03 2016)   |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Respirable finescale particles | TWA  | 2.5 mg/m3                                      | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2022)                                  |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Respirable nanoscale particles | TWA  | 0.2 mg/m3                                      | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2022)                                  |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction.                                  | TWA  | 1.5 mg/m3                                      | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)                                  |
| Nickel - as Ni  | REL  | 0.015 mg/m3                                    | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Nickel  | IDLH | 10 mg/m3                                       | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
| Nickel - as Ni  | PEL  | 1 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Iron oxide - Dust and fume. - as Fe                           | REL  | 5 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Iron oxide - Fume.  | PEL  | 10 mg/m3                                       | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Iron oxide - Respirable fraction.                             | TWA  | 5 mg/m3  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2010)                                  |
| Iron oxide - Total dust.                                      | TWA  | 50 millions of particles per cubic foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Iron oxide - Respirable fraction.                             | TWA  | 5 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
|   | TWA  | 15 millions of particles per cubic foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Iron oxide - Total dust.                                      | TWA  | 15 mg/m3                                       | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)                             |
| Iron oxide  | IDLH | 2,500 mg/m3                                    | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |

**Occupational Exposure Limits: Canada**

| Chemical Identity   | Type       | Exposure Limit Values | Source  |
|---|------------|-----------------------|---|
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring)                                  | TWA        | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Total dust.                    | TWA        | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Respirable fraction.           | TWA        | 3 mg/m3               | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring)                                  | TWA        | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)  |
|   | 8 HR ACL   | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|   | 15 MIN ACL | 20 mg/m3              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Total dust.                    | TWA        | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)                         |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Respirable finescale particles | TWA        | 2.5 mg/m3             | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (01 2022)  |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) - Respirable nanoscale particles | TWA        | 0.2 mg/m3             | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (01 2022)  |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring)                                  | 8 HR ACL   | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs   |

|  |            |            |   |
|--|------------|------------|---|
| occurring)                               |            |            | (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)  |
| Limestone                                | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (10 2006)   |
| Limestone - Total dust.                  | STEL       | 20 mg/m3   | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|  | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
| Limestone - Respirable fraction.         | TWA        | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
| Limestone                                | 15 MIN ACL | 20 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
| Limestone - Total dust.                  | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)                         |
| Limestone - Respirable particles.        | TWA        | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (01 2020)  |
| Limestone - Respirable fraction.         | TWA        | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (01 2020)  |
| Limestone - Inhalable fraction.          | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (01 2020)  |
| Limestone - Inhalable particles.         | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (01 2020)  |
|  | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (01 2021)  |
| Limestone - Respirable particles.        | TWA        | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (01 2021)  |
| Limestone                                | 8 HR ACL   | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)                                  |
| Manganese - as Mn                        | 8 HR ACL   | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|  | 15 MIN ACL | 0.6 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction. - as Mn | TWA        | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)  |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction. - as Mn  | TWA        | 0.1 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)  |
| Manganese - as Mn                        | TWA        | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (06 2015)  |
| Manganese - Fume, total dust. - as Mn    | TWA        | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)                         |
| Manganese - as Mn                        | TWA        | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (08 2020)   |
| Manganese - Respirable. - as             | TWA        | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of   |

|   |            |            |   |
|---|------------|------------|---|
| Mn  |            |            | Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (06 2022)   |
| Manganese - Total - as Mn                                     | TWA        | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (06 2022) |
| Manganese - as Mn   | 8 HR ACL   | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)                                  |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic)                                  | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Total dust.                    | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Respirable fraction.           | TWA        | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic)                                  | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)  |
|   | 8 HR ACL   | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|   | 15 MIN ACL | 20 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Total dust.                    | TWA        | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)                         |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Respirable finescale particles | TWA        | 2.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (01 2022)  |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic) - Respirable nanoscale particles | TWA        | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (01 2022)  |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic)                                  | 8 HR ACL   | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)                                  |
| Nickel  | TWA        | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
| Nickel - as Ni  | TWA        | 0.05 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2018) |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction.                                  | TWA        | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)  |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction. - as Ni                          | TWA        | 1 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (06 2015)  |
|   | 8 HR ACL   | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|   | 15 MIN ACL | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
| Nickel - Inhalable dust.                                      | TWA        | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (03 2020)                         |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction. -                                | 8 HR ACL   | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs   |

|                                     |               |          |   |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------|---|
| as Ni                               |               |          | (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)  |
| Iron oxide - Dust. - as Fe          | TWA           | 5 mg/m3  | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
| Iron oxide - Fume. - as Fe          | STEL          | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|                                     | TWA           | 5 mg/m3  | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
| Iron oxide                          | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 20 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
| Iron oxide - Respirable fraction.   | TWA           | 5 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)  |
| Iron oxide - Dust and fume. - as Fe | TWA           | 5 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)                         |
| Iron oxide - Respirable fraction.   | TWA           | 5 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (01 2020)  |
| Iron oxide - Dust and fume. - as Fe | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)                                  |
| Iron oxide - Respirable.            | TWA           | 5 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (08 2020)   |
| Iron oxide - Dust and fume. - as Fe | 8 HR ACL      | 5 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)                                  |
| Iron oxide                          | 8 HR ACL      | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)                                  |

### Occupational Exposure Limits: Mexico

| Chemical Identity                      | Type    | Exposure Limit Values | Source   |
|--|---------|-----------------------|--|
| Iron - as Fe                           | VLE-PPT | 1 mg/m3               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) | VLE-PPT | 10 mg/m3              | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Limestone - Inhalable fraction.        | VLE-PPT | 10 mg/m3              | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Limestone - Respirable fraction.       | VLE-PPT | 3 mg/m3               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Manganese - as Mn                      | VLE-PPT | 0.2 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic)           | VLE-PPT | 10 mg/m3              | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |

|                                      |         |                       |  |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--|
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction. - as Ni | VLE-PPT | 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Iron oxide - Respirable fraction.    | VLE-PPT | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |

**Biological Limit Values: US**

| Chemical Identity   | Exposure Limit Values | Source              |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Nickel (Nickel: Sampling time: End of shift at end of work week.) | 5 µg/l (Urine)        | ACGIH BEI (01 2021) |

**Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: US**

| Chemical Identity | Type      | Exposure Limit Values                      | Source  |
|-------------------|-----------|--|---|
| Carbon dioxide    | TWA       | 5,000 ppm                                  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)                                  |
|                   | STEL      | 30,000 ppm                                 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)                                  |
|                   | PEL       | 5,000 ppm      9,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
|                   | STEL      | 30,000 ppm      54,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Carbon monoxide   | REL       | 5,000 ppm      9,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
|                   | IDLH      | 40,000 ppm                                 | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
|                   | TWA       | 25 ppm                                     | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)                                  |
|                   | PEL       | 50 ppm      55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>           | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
|                   | REL       | 35 ppm      40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>           | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
|                   | Ceil_Time | 200 ppm      229 mg/m <sup>3</sup>         | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Nitrogen dioxide  | IDLH      | 1,200 ppm                                  | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
|                   | TWA       | 0.2 ppm                                    | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)                                  |
|                   | Ceiling   | 5 ppm      9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>             | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
|                   | STEL      | 1 ppm      1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>           | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Ozone             | IDLH      | 20 ppm                                     | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
|                   | IDLH      | 13 ppm                                     | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
|                   | PEL       | 0.1 ppm      0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>         | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
|                   | Ceil_Time | 0.1 ppm      0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>         | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
|                   | TWA       | 0.05 ppm                                   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)                                  |
|                   | TWA       | 0.10 ppm                                   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)                                  |
|                   | TWA       | 0.08 ppm                                   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)                                  |
|                   | IDLH      | 5 ppm                                      | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
| TWA               | 0.20 ppm  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2020) |   |

|  |         |                         |   |
|--|---------|-------------------------|---|
| Manganese - Fume. - as Mn                | Ceiling | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
|  | REL     | 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
|  | STEL    | 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction. - as Mn  | TWA     | 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)                                  |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction. - as Mn | TWA     | 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)                                  |
| Manganese                                | IDLH    | 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction.             | TWA     | 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)                                  |
| Nickel - as Ni                           | REL     | 0.015 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)              |
| Nickel                                   | IDLH    | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)  |
| Nickel - as Ni                           | PEL     | 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>     | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |

**Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: Canada**

| Chemical Identity | Type       | Exposure Limit Values                  | Source  |
|-------------------|------------|--|---|
| Carbon dioxide    | STEL       | 30,000 ppm    54,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA        | 5,000 ppm    9,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA        | 5,000 ppm                              | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|                   | STEL       | 15,000 ppm                             | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|                   | TWA        | 5,000 ppm                              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)  |
|                   | STEL       | 30,000 ppm                             | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)  |
|                   | STEL       | 30,000 ppm                             | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)  |
|                   | TWA        | 5,000 ppm                              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)  |
|                   | 8 HR ACL   | 5,000 ppm                              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|                   | 15 MIN ACL | 30,000 ppm                             | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|                   | TWA        | 5,000 ppm    9,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)                         |
|                   | STEL       | 30,000 ppm    54,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)                         |
| Carbon monoxide   | TWA        | 25 ppm    29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>         | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA        | 25 ppm                                 | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of   |

|                  |            |          |           |   |
|------------------|------------|----------|-----------|---|
|                  |            |          |           | Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)   |
|                  | STEL       | 100 ppm  |           | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|                  | TWA        | 25 ppm   |           | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)  |
|                  | TWA        | 25 ppm   |           | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (07 2010)  |
|                  | 8 HR ACL   | 25 ppm   |           | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|                  | 15 MIN ACL | 190 ppm  |           | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|                  | TWA        | 35 ppm   |           | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (04 2022)                         |
|                  | STEL       | 175 ppm  |           | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (04 2022)                         |
| Nitrogen dioxide | STEL       | 5 ppm    | 9.4 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
|                  | TWA        | 3 ppm    | 5.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
|                  | CEILING    | 1 ppm    |           | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|                  | TWA        | 0.2 ppm  |           | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2012)  |
|                  | STEL       | 5 ppm    |           | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)  |
|                  | TWA        | 3 ppm    |           | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)  |
|                  | 8 HR ACL   | 3 ppm    |           | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|                  | 15 MIN ACL | 5 ppm    |           | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|                  | TWA        | 3 ppm    | 5 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (04 2022)                         |
| Ozone            | STEL       | 0.3 ppm  | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
|                  | TWA        | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
|                  | TWA        | 0.05 ppm |           | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|                  | TWA        | 0.1 ppm  |           | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |

|  |               |                        |   |
|--|---------------|------------------------|---|
|  | TWA           | 0.08 ppm               | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|  | TWA           | 0.2 ppm                | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007) |
|  | TWA           | 0.1 ppm      0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (07 2010)  |
|  | STEL          | 0.3 ppm      0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (07 2010)  |
|  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.15 ppm               | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|  | 8 HR ACL      | 0.05 ppm               | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|  | CEILING       | 0.1 ppm      0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (12 2008)                         |
|  | TWA           | 0.05 ppm               | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)  |
|  | TWA           | 0.08 ppm               | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)  |
|  | TWA           | 0.10 ppm               | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)  |
|  | TWA           | 0.20 ppm               | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (02 2020)  |
| Manganese - as Mn                        | 8 HR ACL      | 0.2 mg/m3              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.6 mg/m3              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction. - as Mn | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3             | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)  |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction. - as Mn  | TWA           | 0.1 mg/m3              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)  |
| Manganese - as Mn                        | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (06 2015)  |
| Manganese - Fume, total dust. - as Mn    | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3              | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)                         |
| Manganese - as Mn                        | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3              | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (08 2020)   |
| Manganese - Respirable. - as Mn          | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3             | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (06 2022) |
| Manganese - Total - as Mn                | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3              | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (06 2022) |
| Manganese - as Mn                        | 8 HR ACL      | 0.2 mg/m3              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as  |

|                                      |            |            |   |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|---|
|                                      |            |            | amended (04 2021)   |
| Nickel                               | TWA        | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)   |
| Nickel - as Ni                       | TWA        | 0.05 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2018) |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction.         | TWA        | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)  |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction. - as Ni | TWA        | 1 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (06 2015)  |
|                                      | 8 HR ACL   | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
|                                      | 15 MIN ACL | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)                                  |
| Nickel - Inhalable dust.             | TWA        | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (03 2020)                         |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction. - as Ni | 8 HR ACL   | 1.5 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (04 2021)                                  |

**Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: Mexico**

| Chemical Identity                    | Type    | Exposure Limit Values | Source   |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--|
| Carbon dioxide                       | VLE-CT  | 30,000 ppm            | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
|                                      | VLE-PPT | 5,000 ppm             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Carbon monoxide                      | VLE-PPT | 25 ppm                | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Nitrogen dioxide                     | VLE-PPT | 0.2 ppm               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Ozone                                | VLE-P   | 0.1 ppm               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Manganese - as Mn                    | VLE-PPT | 0.2 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |
| Nickel - Inhalable fraction. - as Ni | VLE-PPT | 1.5 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014) |

**Appropriate Engineering Controls**

**Ventilation:** Use enough ventilation and local exhaust at the arc, flame or heat source to keep the fumes and gases from the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the operator to keep their head out of the fumes. **Keep exposure as low as possible.**

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)**
**General information:**

**Exposure Guidelines:** To reduce the potential for overexposure, use

controls such as adequate ventilation and personal protective equipment (PPE). Overexposure refers to exceeding applicable local limits, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs). Workplace exposure levels should be established by competent industrial hygiene assessments. Unless exposure levels are confirmed to be below the applicable local limit, TLV or PEL, whichever is lower, respirator use is required. Absent these controls, overexposure to one or more compound constituents, including those in the fume or airborne particles, may occur resulting in potential health hazards. According to the ACGIH, TLVs and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) "represent conditions under which ACGIH believes that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse health effects." The ACGIH further states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Section 10 for information on constituents which have some potential to present health hazards. Welding consumables and materials being joined may contain chromium as an unintended trace element. Materials that contain chromium may produce some amount of hexavalent chromium (CrVI) and other chromium compounds as a byproduct in the fume. In 2018, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) lowered the Threshold Limit Value (TLV) for hexavalent chromium from 50 micrograms per cubic meter of air (50 µg/m<sup>3</sup>) to 0.2 µg/m<sup>3</sup>. At these new limits, CrVI exposures at or above the TLV may be possible in cases where adequate ventilation is not provided. CrVI compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing a lung cancer and sinus cancer risk. Workplace conditions are unique and welding fume exposures levels vary. Workplace exposure assessments must be conducted by a qualified professional, such as an industrial hygienist, to determine if exposures are below applicable limits and to make recommendations when necessary for preventing overexposures.

**Eye/face protection:**

Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens shade number 12 or darker for open arc processes – or follow the recommendations as specified in ANSI Z49.1, Section 4; ISO/TR 18786:2014, based on your process and settings. No specific lens shade recommendation for submerged arc or electroslag processes. Shield others by providing appropriate screens and flash goggles.

**Skin Protection****Hand Protection:**

Wear protective gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

**Other:**

**Protective Clothing:** Wear hand, head, and body protection which help to prevent injury from radiation, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks and electrical shock. See Z49.1, ISO/TR 18786:2014, ISO/TR 13392:2014. At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield when welding, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing when welding, brazing and soldering. Wear dry gloves free of holes or split seams. Train the operator not to permit electrically live parts or electrodes from contacting the skin . . . or clothing or gloves if they are wet. Insulate yourself from the work piece and ground using dry plywood, rubber mats or other dry insulation.

**Respiratory Protection:**

Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are below applicable exposure limits.

Workplace exposure levels should be established by competent industrial hygiene assessments. Unless exposure levels are confirmed to be below the applicable local limit, TLV or PEL, whichever is lower, respirator use is required.

**Hygiene measures:**

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ISO 10882-1:2024; ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, [www.aws.org](http://www.aws.org).

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

|  |                                       |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Appearance:</b>   | Steel rod with extruded flux coating. |
| <b>Physical state:</b>                                       | Solid                                 |
| <b>Form:</b>   | Solid                                 |
| <b>Color:</b>  | No data available.                    |
| <b>Odor:</b>   | No data available.                    |
| <b>Odor threshold:</b>                                       | No data available.                    |
| <b>pH:</b>   | No data available.                    |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point:</b>                         | No data available.                    |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range:</b>              | No data available.                    |
| <b>Flash Point:</b>  | No data available.                    |
| <b>Evaporation rate:</b>                                     | No data available.                    |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>                            | No data available.                    |
| <b>Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits</b> |                                       |
| <b>Flammability limit - upper (%):</b>                       | No data available.                    |
| <b>Flammability limit - lower (%):</b>                       | No data available.                    |
| <b>Explosive limit - upper:</b>                              | No data available.                    |
| <b>Explosive limit - lower:</b>                              | No data available.                    |
| <b>Vapor pressure:</b>                                       | No data available.                    |
| <b>Vapor density:</b>  | No data available.                    |
| <b>Density:</b>  | No data available.                    |
| <b>Relative density:</b>                                     | No data available.                    |
| <b>Solubility(ies)</b>                                       |                                       |
| <b>Solubility in water:</b>                                  | No data available.                    |
| <b>Solubility (other):</b>                                   | No data available.                    |
| <b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):</b>              | No data available.                    |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b>                            | No data available.                    |
| <b>Decomposition temperature:</b>                            | No data available.                    |
| <b>Viscosity:</b>  | No data available.                    |

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Reactivity:</b> | The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and |
|--------------------|---|

transport.

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Chemical Stability:</b>                 | Material is stable under normal conditions.  |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b> | None under normal conditions.  |
| <b>Conditions to avoid:</b>                | Avoid heat or contamination.   |
| <b>Incompatible Materials:</b>             | Strong acids. Strong oxidizing substances. Strong bases.   |
| <b>Hazardous Decomposition Products:</b>   | <p>Fumes and gases from welding and its allied processes such as brazing and soldering cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal to which the joining or hot work is applied, the process, procedure - and where applicable - the electrode or consumable used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded or worked (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of operators and the volume of the work area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the operator's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.)</p> <p>In cases where an electrode or other applied material is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal and coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonably expected fume constituents produced during arc welding and brazing include the oxides of iron, manganese and other metals present in the welding consumable or base metal. Hexavalent chromium compounds may be in the welding or brazing fume of consumables or base metals which contain chromium. Gaseous and particulate fluoride may be in the fume of consumables or flux materials which contain fluoride. Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc associated with welding.</p> |

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>General information:</b>                     | The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined welding fumes and ultraviolet radiation from welding are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). According to IARC, welding fumes cause cancer of the lung and positive associations have been observed with cancer of the kidney. Also according to IARC, ultraviolet radiation from welding causes ocular melanoma. IARC identifies gouging, brazing, carbon arc or plasma arc cutting, and soldering as processes closely related to welding. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product. |
| <b>Information on likely routes of exposure</b> |  |
| <b>Inhalation:</b>                              | Potential chronic health hazards related to the use of welding consumables are most applicable to the inhalation route of exposure. Refer to Inhalation statements in Section 11.  |
| <b>Skin Contact:</b>                            | Arc rays can burn skin. Skin cancer has been reported.   |

**Eye contact:** Arc rays can injure eyes.

**Ingestion:** Health injuries from ingestion are not known or expected under normal use.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Inhalation:** Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects.

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)**

**Oral**

|                                      |                          |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Product:</b>                      | Not classified           |
| <b>Specified substance(s):</b>       |                          |
| Iron                                 | LD 50 (Rat): 98.6 g/kg   |
| Sodium silicate                      | LD 50 (Rat): 1.1 g/kg    |
| Limestone                            | LD 50 (Rat): 6,450 mg/kg |
| Carboxymethyl cellulose, sodium salt | LD 50 (Rat): 2,700 mg/kg |

**Dermal**

**Product:** Not classified

**Inhalation**

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Product:</b>                      | Not classified                            |
| <b>Specified substance(s):</b>       |   |
| Carboxymethyl cellulose, sodium salt | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 5,800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Product:** Not classified

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

**Product:** Not classified

**Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation**

**Product:** Not classified

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitization**

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Product:</b>                | Not classified   |
| <b>Specified substance(s):</b> |  |
| Iron                           | Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Not sensitising |
| Titanium dioxide               | Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Not sensitising |
| (naturally occurring)          | Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Not Classified  |
| Titanium dioxide               | Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Not sensitising |
| (synthetic)                    | Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Not Classified  |
| Iron oxide                     | Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Not sensitising |
|                                | Skin sensitization:, in vivo: Not sensitising              |

**Carcinogenicity**

**Product:** Arc rays: Skin cancer has been reported.

**IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic)           | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Nickel                                 | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:**

Nickel Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

**US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053), as amended:**

No carcinogenic components identified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity****In vitro**

**Product:** Not classified

**In vivo**

**Product:** Not classified

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Product:** Not classified

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

**Product:** Not classified

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

**Product:** Not classified

**Aspiration Hazard**

**Product:** Not classified

**Other effects:**

Organic polymers may be used in the manufacture of various welding consumables. Overexposure to their decomposition byproducts may result in a condition known as polymer fume fever. Polymer fume fever usually occurs within 4 to 8 hours of exposure with the presentation of flu like symptoms, including mild pulmonary irritation with or without an increase in body temperature. Signs of exposure can include an increase in white blood cell count. Resolution of symptoms typically occurs quickly, usually not lasting longer than 48 hours.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics under the condition of use****Inhalation:****Specified substance(s):**

Manganese

Overexposure to manganese fumes may affect the brain and central nervous system, resulting in poor coordination, difficulty speaking, and arm or leg tremor. This condition can be irreversible.

Nickel

Nickel and its compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing respiratory cancer risk, and are skin sensitizers with symptoms ranging from slight itch to severe dermatitis.

**Additional toxicological Information under the conditions of use:****Acute toxicity****Inhalation****Specified substance(s):**

Carbon dioxide

LC Lo (Human, 5 min): 90000 ppm

|                  |                               |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| Carbon monoxide  | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 1300 ppm    |
| Nitrogen dioxide | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 88 ppm      |
| Ozone            | LC Lo (Human, 30 min): 50 ppm |

**IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:**

**Specified substance(s):**

Nickel Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:**

**Specified substance(s):**

Nickel Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

**Other effects:**

**Specified substance(s):**

|                  |                                    |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide   | Asphyxia                           |
| Carbon monoxide  | Carboxyhemoglobinemia              |
| Nitrogen dioxide | Lower respiratory tract irritation |
| Nickel           | Dermatitis Pneumoconiosis          |

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:**

**Fish**

**Product:** Not classified.

**Specified substance(s):**

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Sodium silicate | LC 50 (Western mosquitofish ( <i>Gambusia affinis</i> ), 96 h): 1,800 mg/l |
| Nickel          | LC 50 (Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> ), 96 h): 2.916 mg/l    |

**Aquatic Invertebrates**

**Product:** Not classified.

**Specified substance(s):**

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Sodium silicate                      | EC 50 (Water flea ( <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> ), 48 h): 22.94 - 49.01 mg/l  |
| Manganese                            | EC 50 (Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ), 48 h): 40 mg/l                  |
| Nickel                               | EC 50 (Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ), 48 h): 1 mg/l                   |
| Carboxymethyl cellulose, sodium salt | EC 50 (Water flea ( <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> ), 48 h): 46.04 - 165.37 mg/l |

**Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:**

**Fish**

**Product:** Not classified.

**Aquatic Invertebrates**

**Product:** Not classified.

**Specified substance(s):**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Iron                                   | NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): 2 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Arrenurus manubriator</i> ): 800 mg/l<br>NOEC ( <i>Chironomus attenuatus</i> ): 200 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Daphnia pulex</i> ): 0.63 mg/l<br>NOEC ( <i>Haliotis rubra</i> ): 1.28 mg/l |
| Titanium dioxide (naturally occurring) | NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): 30 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Lumbriculus variegatus</i> ): $\geq$ 100 mg/l<br>NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): $<$ 0.1 mg/l NOEC : $>$ 1 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): $\geq$ 3.12 mg/l                |
| Manganese                              | NOEC ( <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> ): 1.7 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): $<$ 1.1 mg/l   |
| Titanium dioxide (synthetic)           | NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): 30 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Lumbriculus variegatus</i> ): $\geq$ 100 mg/l<br>NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): $<$ 0.1 mg/l NOEC : $>$ 1 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): $\geq$ 3.12 mg/l                |
| Iron oxide                             | NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): 2 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Daphnia pulex</i> ): 2.5 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Chironomus attenuatus</i> ): 200 mg/l NOEC ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ): $\geq$ 20 mg/l  |

NOEC : &gt;= 20 mg/l

**Toxicity to Aquatic Plants****Product:** Not classified.**Persistence and Degradability****Biodegradation****Product:** No data available.**Bioaccumulative potential****Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)****Product:** No data available.**Specified substance(s):**Nickel  
Zebra mussel (*Dreissena polymorpha*), Bioconcentration Factor (BCF):  
5,000 - 10,000 (Lotic) Bioconcentration factor calculated using dry weight  
tissue conc**Mobility in soil:** No data available.**13. Disposal considerations****General information:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. When practical, recycle in an environmentally acceptable, regulatory compliant manner. Dispose of non-recyclable products in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and Local requirements.**Disposal instructions:** Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point.**Contaminated Packaging:** Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION****DOT**UN number or ID number:  
UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED  
Transport Hazard Class(es)  
Class: NR  
Label(s): -  
Packing Group: -  
Marine Pollutant: No**IMDG**UN number or ID number:  
UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED  
Transport Hazard Class(es)  
Class: NR  
Label(s): -  
EmS No.:  
Packing Group: -  
Marine Pollutant: No**IATA**

UN number or ID number:

Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED  
 Transport Hazard Class(es):  
   Class: NR  
   Label(s): –  
 Packing Group: –  
 Marine Pollutant: No  
 Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

**TDG**

UN number or ID number:  
 UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED  
 Transport Hazard Class(es)  
   Class: NR  
   Label(s): –  
 Packing Group: –  
 Marine Pollutant: No

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**US Federal Regulations**

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**  
 None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053), as amended**  
 None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):**

| <u>Chemical Identity</u> | <u>Reportable quantity</u>  |
|--------------------------|---|
| Manganese                | Included in the regulation but with no data values. See regulation for further details. |
| Nickel                   | 100lbs.   |

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**Hazard categories**

Not classified  
 Not classified

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical**

| <u>Chemical Identity</u> | <u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|

**SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)**

| <u>Chemical Identity</u> | <u>Reporting threshold for other users</u> | <u>Reporting threshold for manufacturing and processing</u> |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| Manganese                | 10000 lbs                                  | 25000 lbs.  |
| Nickel                   | 10000 lbs                                  | 25000 lbs.  |

**Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.



|            |               |
|------------|---------------|
| CA CDSIII  | Not Regulated |
| CA CDSIV   | Not Regulated |
| CA CDSV    | Not Regulated |
| CA CDSVII  | Not Regulated |
| CA CDSVIII | Not Regulated |

**Precursor Control Regulations**

Not Regulated

**Mexico. Substances subject to reporting for the pollutant release and transfer registry (PRTR):** Not applicable**Inventory Status:**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Canada DSL Inventory List:                   | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:                       | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Japan (ENCS) List:                           | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:     | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |
| Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):        | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |
| Canada NDSL Inventory:                       | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Philippines PICCS:                           | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |
| US TSCA Inventory:                           | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:          | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |
| Japan ISHL Listing:                          | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:                 | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Mexico INSQ:                                 | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Ontario Inventory:                           | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |
| Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:         | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |
| Australia Industrial Chem. Act (AICI):       | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |
| Switzerland New Subs<br>Notified/Registered: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Thailand Existing Chemical Inv. List:        | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:         | On or in compliance with the inventory                            |

**16. OTHER INFORMATION****Definitions:****Revision Date:** 04/11/2025**Further Information:** Additional information is available by request.

**Disclaimer:** The Lincoln Electric Company urges each end user and recipient of this SDS to study it carefully. See also [www.lincolnelectric.com/safety](http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety). If necessary, consult an industrial hygienist or other expert to understand this information and safeguard the environment and protect workers from potential hazards associated with the handling or use of this product. This information is believed to be accurate as of the revision date shown above. However, no warranty, expressed or implied, is given. Because the conditions or methods of use are beyond Lincoln Electric's control, we assume no liability resulting from the use of this product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. Compliance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and local laws and regulations remain the responsibility of the user.

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